

PROVISION

on procedure for registration of production facilities, which are involved in production of sturgeon species and (or) caviar of them, and marking of packing for caviar of sturgeon species

Chapter 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. These Provision determine the procedure and conditions for registration of production facilities, which are involved in production of sturgeon species and (or) caviar of them, and marking of packing for caviar of sturgeon species.
2. For the purposes of this Provision, the following terms and their definitions are used:

caviar: processed unfertilized eggs (roe) of sturgeon species(caviar);

sturgeon species – fish species of sturgeon family (Siberian sturgeon, Russian sturgeon, sterlet, sevruga, beluga, kaluga and hybrids) and paddlefish species (paddlefish);

caviar lot- certain amount of caviar of one type of processing that is delivered by a consignor according to a single transport document to the address of a consignee;

Primary container: tin, (glass) jar into which the caviar is placed;

repackaging of caviar – pulling out of primary containers from one tare and putting them into another, and (or) removing of caviar from primary containers and putting it into the other with the aim of product styling according to customer needs;

production facility - hatchery and (or) artificial reservoirs (piscines, fish ponds, basins and other installations), in which the cultivation of stocking material and (or) commercial fish of sturgeon species and fish farms (enterprises, industrial buildings, complexes, facilities, workshops, sections and other facilities), where the processing of sturgeon species and getting caviar of them, as well as packing and re-packing of caviar is being done;

manufacturing of sturgeon species and (or) caviar of them – is a type of activity aimed at cultivation of stocking material, commercial fish, processing of sturgeon species and (or) production of caviar of them;

country of origin of caviar - a country in which the caviar was produced and packed into the primary containers;

tare – is a work-piece used for the placement, protection, transportation, loading and unloading, delivery and storage of primary containers;

packaging for eggs - and primary packaging containers;

packaging for caviar –tare and primary containers;

CITES label – is a means of information transmitting in accordance with the requirements of the Convention on International Trade in endangered species of wild Fauna and flora, signed in Washington March 3, 1973, about the product and its manufacturer, which is located on the label attached to the caviar packaging.

CHAPTER 2

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF REGISTRATION OF PRODUCTION FACILITIES

3. For registration of production facilities the legal entities and (or) individual entrepreneurs engaged in the production of sturgeon species and (or) caviar of them (hereinafter - applicants) shall submit to the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Protection (hereinafter - the Ministry of Natural Resources) an application for registration of the manufacturing facility where the production of sturgeon species and (or) caviar of them takes place (hereinafter - the application), according to Annex 1 and the documents referred to in paragraph 6.62 of consolidated list of administrative procedures carried out by public bodies and other organizations in relation to legal entities and individual entrepreneurs, approved by Resolution of the Council of Ministers on February 17, 2012 № 156 "On approval of the consolidated list of administrative procedures carried out by public bodies and other organizations in relation to legal entities and individual entrepreneurs, introducing amendments to the Resolution of the Council of Ministers on February 14, 2009 № 193 and invalidation of certain resolutions of the Council of Ministers of the Republic of Belarus "(National Register of Legal Acts of the Republic of Belarus, 2012, № 35, 5/35330).

4. The Ministry of Natural Resources within 15 days from the date of application receipt, registers the production facility in the register of production facilities in compliance with Appendix 2 with identification number assignment to this facility ,representing a digital code symbol consisting of two groups of

characters separated by a dash (hyphen), where the first group of characters corresponds to the activities of the production facility, including "A" - "Cultivation of stocking material in the hatchery ", "B" - " cultivation of marketable fish in artificial ponds ", " C "- " Processing and preserving of fish and fish products (including caviar) in fish factories, caviar packaging and repackaging ", the second - repeats the sequence number in the register of production facilities (hereinafter - identification number of production facility), and finalizes a certificate of registration of production facility where production of sturgeon species and (or) caviar of them takes place (hereinafter - certificate), according to the Annex 3 or refuses to register it.

Representatives of the territorial body of the Ministry of Natural Resources in collaboration with the representatives of Ministry of Agriculture and Food verify information provided in the application, on the results of which the act is issued to be signed by the applicant, the representative of the Ministry of Agriculture and Food and the representative of the territorial body of the Ministry of Natural Resources.

5. The decision of refuse to registration of a production facility is taken on the grounds stipulated in Article 25 of the Law of the Republic of Belarus October 28, 2008 "About the basis of administrative procedures" (National Register of Legal Acts of the Republic of Belarus, 2008, № 264, 2/1530).

The applicant shall be notified about the decision taken in accordance with Article 27 of the Law of the Republic of Belarus "About the basis of administrative procedures".

6. The certificate form is the form of documents with a certain degree of protection and is made as required by law by order of the Ministry of Natural Resources.

7. The certificate is signed by the Minister of Natural Resources and Environmental Protection, or his deputy, and issued with introduction of:
document confirming an official position of chief of the legal entity, as well as a document proving his identity, to the head of the legal entity;
certificate of state registration – to individual entrepreneur;
identity document and power of attorney – to authorized representative of the legal entity or individual entrepreneur.

8. In case of change of the actual address of the production facility or liquidation (termination of activity) of the applicant, the certificate becomes invalid after the change in the actual production facility address or liquidation (termination of activity) of the applicant.

CHAPTER 3 REQUIREMENTS to Caviar package labeling

9. To mark the caviar package, CITES labels are used, which are made on self-adhesive paper, resistant to high and low temperatures, different levels of humidity to avoid their drying and peeling off the surface to which they are applied. When you try to peel it off the integrity of CITES labels is broken, that makes it impossible to reuse.

10. CITES label must contain the following details:

10.1. at caviar packaging produced at production facilities located on the territory of the Republic of Belarus:

$BAE^a/C^b/BY^c/2014^d/yyyy^e/zzzzzzzz^f,$

where a - code of fish type, sturgeon family or paddlefish family: Siberian sturgeon (*Acipenser baerii*) - BAE; Russian sturgeon (*Acipenser gueldenstaedtii*) - GUE; sterlet (*Acipenser ruthenus*) - RUT; sevruga (*Acipenser stellatus*) - STE; beluga (*Huso huso*) - HUS; paddlefish (*Polyodon spathula*) - SPA; Kaluga (*Huso dauricus*) - DAU; for hybrids (Mixed species (for "pressed" caviar exclusively) - code of male type x code of female type;
b - the code of source of caviar got: W - for caviar got from female sturgeon caught in natural waters; C - for caviar got from female sturgeon species grown in vitro; F - for caviar got from females of sturgeon species in which one of the parents was caught in the natural body of water;
c - the two-letter ISO code of the country of caviar origin (for the Republic of Belarus BY);
d - year of caviar production;
e - identification number of production facilities;
f - caviar batch number (including the day, month, time of caviar packing, specified in the permit for export);

10.2. at repackaging of caviar produced at the production facilities located on the territory of the Republic of Belarus and abroad:

$BAE^a/C^b/RU^c/2014^d/BY-zzzz^e/xxxxxx^f,$

where a - code of fish type, sturgeon family or paddlefish family: Siberian sturgeon (*Acipenser baerii*) - BAE; Russian sturgeon (*Acipenser gueldenstaedtii*) - GUE; sterlet (*Acipenser ruthenus*) - RUT; sevruga (*Acipenser stellatus*) - STE; beluga (*Huso huso*) - HUS; paddlefish (*Polyodon spathula*) - SPA; Kaluga (*Huso dauricus*) - DAU; for hybrids (Mixed species (for "pressed" caviar exclusively) - code of male type x code of female type;

b - the code of source of caviar got

c - the two-letter ISO code of the country of caviar origin (for the Republic of Belarus BY);

d – year of caviar repackaging

e – identification number of production facility;

f – caviar batch number (including the day, month, time of caviar packing, specified in the permit for export);

11. CITES label sticks on the primary container with covering of lid, lateral surface and bottom of reservoir so that the information about the identification number of the production facility and lot number of caviar was on the lid. Size and location of the CITES label on the primary container should provide a visual view of the information contained in it.

12. On each lateral surface of container bottom and lower part of tare one CITES label is applied.

13. Information about the products marked with CITES labels is reflected by legal entities and individual entrepreneurs in the products register marked with CITES labels.

Products register marked with CITES labels should be numbered, tied and sealed

Products register marked with CITES labels on its completion is stored for 5 years from the date of the last record in it.